

# **SYLLABUS**

# **CATEGORY B 1.1**

**BASE MAINTENANCE** 



# **SYLLABUS FOR CAT-B 1.1**

TYPE OF TRAINING	LOCATION	ALLOTTED TIME (MINIMUM)
TIPE OF TRAINING	LOCATION	Cat. B1
Knowledge Training	In-House	1440 Hours
Practical Training	In-House	670 Hours
	Sub-contracted	290 Hours
Total Hours		2400 Hours



KNOWLEDGE TRAINING HOURS			
Mod. No.	Module Name		
M.03	Electrical Fundamentals		
M. 04	Electronic Fundamental		
M.05	Digital Techniques/electronic Instrument Systems		
M.06	Materials and Hardware		
M.7a	Maintenance Practices		
M.08	Basic Aerodynamics		
M.9a	Human Factors		
M.10	Aviation Legislation		
M.11a	Turbine Aero plane Aerodynamics, Structures And		
	Systems		
M.15	Gas Turbine Engine		
M.17a	Propeller		



# MODULE 3. ELECTRICAL FUNDAMENTALS



# BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS SYLLABUS PLAN

### **MODULE 3. ELECTRICAL FUNDAMENTALS**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
3.1	<b>Electron Theory</b>	Structure and distribution of	1
		electrical charges within: atoms,	
		molecules, ions, compounds;	
		Molecular structure of conductors,	
		semiconductors and insulators.	
3.2	Static Electricity and	Static electricity and distribution	2
	Conduction	of electrostatic charges;	
		Electrostatic laws of attraction and	
		repulsion;	
		Units of charge, Coulomb's Law;	
		Conduction of electricity in solids,	
		liquids, gases and a vacuum	
3.3	<b>Electrical Terminology</b>	The following terms, their units	2
		and factors affecting them:	
		potential difference,	
		electromotive force, voltage,	
		current, resistance, conductance,	
		charge, conventional current flow,	
		electron flow.	
3.4	<b>Generation of</b>	Production of electricity by the	1
	Electricity	following methods: light, heat,	
		friction, pressure, chemical	
		action, magnetism and motion.	
3.5	DC Sources of	Construction and basic chemical	2
	Electricity	action of: primary cells, secondary	
		cells, lead acid cells, nickel	
		cadmium cells, other alkaline cells;	
		Cells connected in series and	
		parallel;	
		Internal resistance and its effect	
		on a battery;	



		Construction, materials and	
		operation of thermocouples;	
		Operation of photo-cells.	
3.6	DC Circuits	Ohms Law, Kirchhoff's Voltage and	2
		Current Laws;	
		Calculations using the above laws	
		to find resistance, voltage and	
		current;	
		Significance of the internal	
		resistance of a supply.	
3.7	Resistance/Resistor	(a) Resistance and affecting	2
		factors; Specific resistance;	
		Resistor color code, values and	
		tolerances, preferred values,	
		wattage ratings;	
		Resistors in series and parallel;	
		Calculation of total resistance	
		using series, parallel and series	
		parallel combinations;	
		Operation and use of	
		potentiometers and rheostats;	
		Operation of Wheatstone Bridge;	
		(b) Positive and negative	1
		temperature coefficient	
		conductance; Fixed resistors,	
		stability, tolerance and limitations,	
		methods of construction;	
		Variable resistors, thermostats,	
		voltage dependent resistors;	
		Construction of potentiometers	
		and rheostats;	
		Construction of Wheatstone	
		Bridge.	
3.8	Power	Power, work and energy (kinetic	2
3.8	Power	Power, work and energy (kinetic and potential);	2
3.8	Power		2



		Calculations involving power, work	1
		<u> </u>	
2.0	C	and energy.	2
3.9	Capacitance/Capacitor	Operation and function of a	2
		capacitor;	
		Factors affecting capacitance area	
		of plates, distance between plates,	
		number of plates, dielectric and	
		dielectric constant, working	
		voltage, voltage rating;	
		Capacitor types, construction and	
		function;	
		Capacitor color coding;	
		Calculations of capacitance and	
		voltage in series and parallel	
		circuits;	
		Exponential charge and discharge	
		of a capacitor, time constants;	
		Testing of capacitors.	
3.10	Magnetism	(a) Theory of magnetism;	2
		Properties of a magnet;	
		Action of a magnet suspended in	
		the Earth's magnetic field;	
		Magnetization and	
		demagnetization;	
		Magnetic shielding;	
		Various types of magnetic	
		material;	
		Electromagnets construction and	
		principles of operation;	
		Hand clasp rules to determine:	
		magnetic field around current	
		carrying conductor;	
		(b) Magneto motive force, field	2
		strength, magnetic flux density,	
		permeability, hysteresis loop,	
		retentively, coer cive force	
		reluctance, saturation point, eddy	
		currents;	



		Precautions for care and storage	
2 4 4	In divistance /In divistan	of magnets.	2
3.11	Inductance/Inductor	Faraday's Law;	2
		Action of inducing a voltage in a	
		conductor moving in a magnetic	
		field;	
		Induction principles;	
		Effects of the following on the	
		magnitude of an induced voltage:	
		magnetic field strength, rate	
		of change of flux, number of	
		conductor turns;	
		Mutual induction;	
		The effect the rate of change of	
		primary current and mutual	
		inductance has on induced	
		voltage;	
		Factors affecting mutual	
		inductance: number of turns in	
		coil, physical size of coil,	
		permeability of coil, position of	
		coils with respect to each other;	
		Lenz's Law and polarity	
		determining rules;	
		Back emf, self induction;	
		Saturation point;	
		Principle uses of inductors.	
3.12	DC Motor/Generator	Basic motor and generator theory;	2
	Theory	Construction and purpose of	
		components in DC generator;	
		Operation of, and factors affecting	
		output and direction of current	
		flow in DC generators;	
		Operation of, and factors affecting	
		output power, torque, speed and	
		direction of rotation of DC motors;	
		Series wound, shunt wound and	
		compound motors;	
		Compound motors,	



Starter Generator construction.  3.13 AC Theory Sinusoidal waveform: phase, period, frequency, cycle;	2
	2
period, frequency, cycle;	
Instantaneous, average, root	
mean square, peak, peak to peak	
current values and calculations	
of these values, in relation to	
voltage, current and power;	
Triangular/Square waves;	
Single/3 phase principles.	
3.14 Resistive (R), Phase relationship of voltage and	2
Capacitive (C) and current in L, C and R circuits,	
Inductive (L) Circuits parallel, series and series	
parallel;	
Power dissipation in L, C and R	
circuits;	
Impedance, phase angle, power	
factor and current calculations;	
True power, apparent power and	
reactive power calculations.	
3.15 Transformers Transformer construction	2
principles and operation;	
Transformer losses and methods	
for overcoming them; Transformer	
action under load and no-load	
conditions; Power transfer,	
efficiency, polarity markings;	
Calculation of line and phase	
voltages and currents;	
Calculation of power in a three	
phase system; Primary and	
Secondary current, voltage, turns	
ratio, power, efficiency; Auto	
transformers.	
3.16 Filters Operation, application and uses of	1
the following filters: low pass, high	
pass, band pass, band stop.	



3.17	AC Generators	Rotation of loop in a magnetic	2
5.17	AC Generators	•	2
		field and waveform produced;	
		Operation and construction of	
		revolving armature and revolving	
		field type AC generators;	
		Single phase, two phase and three	
		phase alternators; Three phase	
		star and delta connections	
		advantages and uses;	
		Permanent Magnet Generators.	
3.18	AC Motors	Construction, principles of	2
		operation and characteristics of:	
		AC synchronous and induction	
		motors both single and poly	
		phase; Methods of speed control	
		and direction of rotation; Methods	
		of producing a rotating field:	
		capacitor, inductor, shaded or split	
		pole.	



# MODULE 4: ELECTRONIC FUNDAMENTALS



### **BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS**

### **SYLLABUS PLAN**

### **MODULE 4. ELECTRONIC FUNDAMENTALS**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
4.1	Semiconductors		
	4.1.1 Diodes	(a) Diode symbols; Diode characteristics and properties; Diodes in series and parallel; Main characteristics and use of silicon controlled rectifiers, (thyristors), light emitting diode, photo conductive diode, varistor, rectifier diodes; Functional testing of diodes.	2
	4.1.2 Transistors	(a) Transistor symbols; Component description and orientation; Transistor characteristics and properties.	1
	4.1.3 Integrated Circuits	(a) Description and operation of logic circuits and linear circuits/operational amplifiers;	1
4.2	Printed Circuit Boards	Description and use of printed circuit boards	1
4.3	Servomechanisms	(a) Understanding of the following terms: Open and closed loop systems, feedback, follow up, analogue transducers; Principles of operation and use of the following synchro system components/features: resolvers, differential, control and torque, transformers, inductance and capacitance transmitters;	1



MODULE 5.

DIGITAL

TECHNIQUES/ELECTRO

NIC INSTRUMENT

SYSTEM



### **BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS**

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### **MODULE 5. DIGITAL TECHNIQUES/ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENT SYSTEM**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
	Electronic	Typical systems arrangements and	
5.1	Instrument	cockpit layout of electronic instrument	2
	Systems	systems.	
		Numbering systems: binary, octal and	
	Numbering	hexadecimal;Demonstration of	
5.2	Numbering	conversions between the decimal and	1
		binary, octal and hexadecimal systems	
		and vice versa.	
		Analogue Data, Digital Data;	
		Operation and application of analogue	
5.3	<b>Data Conversion</b>	to digital, and digital to analogue	1
		converters, inputs and outputs,	
		limitations of various types.	
		Operation of data buses in aircraft	
5.4	Data Buses	systems, including knowledge of	2
3.4		ARINC and other specifications.	2
		Aircraft Network/Ethernet.	
	Logic Circuits	(a) Identification of common logic gate	
5.5		symbols, tables and equivalent	2
3.5		circuits; Applications used for aircraft	۷
		systems, schematic diagrams.	
		(a) Computer terminology (including	
		bit, byte, software, hardware, CPU, IC,	
5.6	<b>Basic Computer</b>	and various memory devices such as	2
3.0	Structure	RAM, ROM, PROM); Computer	۷
		technology (as applied in aircraft	
		systems).	
5.10		Advantages and disadvantages of fibre	
		optic data transmission over electrical	
	Fibre Optics	wire propagation;	1
		Fibre optic data bus;	
		Fibre optic related terms;	



		Terminations;	
		Couplers, control terminals, remote	
		terminals;	
		Application of fibre optics in aircraft	
		systems.	
		Principles of operation of common	
	Electronic	types of displays used in modern	
5.11	Displays	aircraft, including Cathode Ray Tubes,	2
	Displays	Light Emitting Diodes and Liquid	
		Crystal Display.	
		Special handling of components	
	Electrostatic	sensitive to electrostatic discharges;	
5.12	Sensitive Devices	Awareness of risks and possible	2
	Sensitive Devices	damage, component and personnel	
		anti-static protection devices.	
		Awareness of restrictions,	
	Software	airworthiness requirements and	
5.13	Management	possible catastrophic effects of	2
	Control	unapproved changes to software	
		programmes.	
		Influence of the following phenomena	
		on maintenance practices for	
	Electromagnetic Environment	electronic system:	
5.14		EMC-Electromagnetic Compatibility	2
	LIIVII OIIIIIEIIL	EMI-Electromagnetic Interference	
		HIRF-High Intensity Radiated Field	
		Lightning/lightning protection.	
		General arrangement of typical	
		electronic/digital aircraft systems and	
		associated BITE (Built In Test	
5.15	Typical	Equipment) such as: (a) For B1 and B2	
	Typical	only:	า
	Electronic/Digital	ACARS-ARINC Communication and	2
	Aircraft Systems	Addressing and Reporting System	
		EICAS-Engine Indication and Crew	
		Alerting System FBW-Fly-by-Wire	
		FMS-Flight Management System	



IRS-Inertial Reference System;	
(b) For B1, B2 and B3:	
ECAM-Electronic Centralized Aircraft	
Monitoring EFIS-Electronic Flight	
Instrument System	
GPS-Global Positioning System	
TCAS-Traffic Alert Collision Avoidance	
System	
Integrated Modular Avionics	
Cabin Systems	
Information Systems.	



# MODULE 6. MATERIALS AND HARDWARE



### **BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS**

### **SYLLABUS PLAN**

### **MODULE 6. MATERIALS AND HARDWARE**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
6.1	Aircraft Materials-	(a) Characteristics, properties and identification of common alloy steels used in aircraft; Heat treatment and application of alloy steels.	2
	Ferrous	(b) Testing of ferrous materials for hardness, tensile strength, fatigue strength and impact resistance.	1
6.2	Aircraft Materials-	(a) Characteristics, properties and identification of common non-ferrous materials used in aircraft; Heat treatment and application of non-ferrous materials;	2
	Non-Ferrous	(b) Testing of non-ferrous material for hardness, tensile strength, fatigue strength and impact Resistance	1
	6.3.1 Composite and non-	(a) Characteristics, properties and identification of common composite and non-metallic materials, other than wood, used in aircraft; Sealant and bonding agents	2
	metallic other than wood and fabric	(b) The detection of defects/deterioration in composite and non-metallic material; Repair of composite and non-metallic material	2
6.3	6.3.2 Wooden structures	Construction methods of wooden airframe structures; Characteristics, properties and types of wood and glue used in aero planes; Preservation and maintenance of wooden structure; Types of defects in wood material and wooden structures; The detection of defects in wooden structure; Repair of wooden structure.	2



### Characteristics, properties and types of fabrics used in aero planes; 6.3.3. Fabric Inspections methods for fabric; 2 covering Types of defects in fabric; Repair of fabric covering (a) Chemical fundamentals; Formation by, galvanic action process, 1 microbiological, stress; 6.4 Corrosion (b) Types of corrosion and their identification; Causes of corrosion; 3 Material types, susceptibility to corrosion 6.5 **Fasteners** Screw nomenclature; 6.5.1 Screw Thread forms, dimensions and tolerances for 2 threads standard threads used in aircraft; Measuring screw threads. Bolt types: specification, identification and marking of aircraft bolts, international standards; 6.5.2 Bolts, Nuts: self locking, anchor, standard types; 2 studs and Machine screws: aircraft specifications; screws Studs: types and uses, insertion and removal; Self tapping screws, dowels. Tab and spring washers, locking plates, split pins, 6.5.3 Locking pal-nuts, wire locking, quick release fasteners, keys, 2 devices circlips, cotter pins Types of solid and blind rivets: specifications and 6.5.4 Aircraft 2 rivets identification, heat treatment. (a) Identification of, and types of rigid and flexible 2 Pipes and pipes and their connectors used in aircraft 6.6 Unions (b) Standard unions for aircraft hydraulic, fuel, oil, 2 pneumatic and air system pipes Types of springs, materials, characteristics and 6.7 2 **Springs** applications. Purpose of bearings, loads, material, construction; 6.8 **Bearings** 2 Types of bearings and their application. **Transmissions** 2 6.9 Gear types and their application;



		Gear ratios, reduction and multiplication gear systems, driven and driving gears, idler gears, mesh patterns; Belts and pulleys, chains and sprockets.	
6.10	Control Cables	Types of cables; End fittings, turnbuckles and compensation devices; Pulleys and cable system components; Bowden cables; Aircraft flexible control systems	2
6.11	Electrical Cables and Connectors	Cable types, construction and characteristics; High tension and co-axial cables; Crimping; Connector types, pins, plugs, sockets, insulators, current and voltage rating, coupling, identification codes	2



# MODULE 7A. MAINTENANCE PRACTICES



### **BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS**

### **SYLLABUS PLAN**

### **MODULE 7A. MAINTENANCE PRACTICES**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
		Aspects of safe working practices	
		including precautions to take when	
		working with electricity, gases	
	Safety	especially oxygen, oils and chemicals.	
7 1	<b>Precautions-</b>	Also, instruction in the remedial	3
7.1	Aircraft and	action to be taken in the event of a	3
	Workshop	fire or another accident with	
		one or more of these hazards	
		including knowledge on extinguishing	
		agents.	
		Care of tools, control of tools, use of	
		workshop materials;	
	Maylahan	Dimensions, allowances and	_
7.2	Workshop	tolerances, standards of	3
	Practices	workmanship;	
		Calibration of tools and equipment,	
		calibration standards	
		Common hand tool types;	
		Common power tool types;	
		Operation and use of precision	
7.3	Tools	measuring tools;	3
		Lubrication equipment and methods.	
		Operation, function and use of	
		electrical general test equipment.	
7.4	<b>Avionic General</b>	Operation, function and use of avionic	2
7.4	Test Equipment	general test equipment.	۷
		Drawing types and diagrams, their	
	Engineering	symbols, dimensions, tolerances and	
7.5	Drawings,	projections;	2
7.5	Diagrams and	Identifying title block information;	۷
	Standards	Microfilm, microfiche and	
		computerized presentations;	



Specification 100 of the Air Transport Association (ATA) of America; Aeronautical and other applicable standards including ISO, AN, MS, NAS and MIL; Wiring diagrams and schematic diagrams  Drill sizes for bolt holes, classes of fits; Common system of fits and clearances; Schedule of fits and clearances for aircraft and engines; Limits for bow, twist and wear; Standard methods for checking shafts, bearings and other parts.  Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; Inspection of riveted joints.		T .		
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7.6 Clearances  aircraft and engines; Limits for bow, twist and wear; Standard methods for checking shafts, bearings and other parts.  Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			clearances;	
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Standard methods for checking shafts, bearings and other parts.  Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2	7.6	Clearances	aircraft and engines;	2
Dearings and other parts.  Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Limits for bow, twist and wear;	
Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Standard methods for checking shafts,	
techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveting			bearings and other parts.	
Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling;  2			Continuity, insulation and bonding	
7.7  Electrical Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)  Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and dimpling;  2  Operated; Testing of crimp joints; Co-axial cables: testing and insertion;			techniques and testing;	
Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic	
7.7  Electrical Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)  Wiring protection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			operated;	
7.7  Electrical Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)  Wiring protection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Testing of crimp joints;	
7.7  Electrical Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)  Wiring protection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Connector pin removal and insertion;	
7.7 Viring Interconnection System (EWIS)  Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance.  Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding;  EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Co-axial cables: testing and	
7.7 Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)    Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)   Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.    Riveting   Riveting   Riveting   Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch;   Tools used for riveting and dimpling;   2		Flactuical	installation precautions;	
Interconnection System (EWIS)  Inspection criteria and damage tolerance.  Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding;  EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			Identification of wire types, their	
System (EWIS)  tolerance. Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling;  2	7.7	_	inspection criteria and damage	3
looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			tolerance.	
clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling;  2		System (Evvis)	Wiring protection techniques: Cable	
techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling;  2			looming and loom support, cable	
wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling;  2			clamps, protective sleeving	
EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			techniques including heat shrink	
maintenance and cleanliness standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			wrapping, shielding;	
standards.  Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			EWIS installations, inspection, repair,	
Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling;  2			maintenance and cleanliness	
7.8 Riveting Tools used for riveting and dimpling; 2			standards.	
			Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch;	
Inspection of riveted joints.	7.8	Riveting	Tools used for riveting and dimpling;	2
		_	Inspection of riveted joints.	



		Bending and belling/flaring aircraft	
	Pipes and	pipes;	
7.9	Hoses	Inspection and testing of aircraft pipes	2
		and hoses;	
		Installation and clamping of pipes.	
7.10	Springs	Inspection and testing of springs.	2
		Testing, cleaning and inspection of	
7.11	Bearings	bearings;	2
/	Dearings	Lubrication requirements of bearings;	2
		Defects in bearings and their causes.	_
		Inspection of gears, backlash;	
		Inspection of belts and pulleys, chains	
7.12	Transmissions	and sprockets;	2
		Inspection of screw jacks, lever	
		devices, push-pull rod systems.	
		Swaging of end fittings;	
		Inspection and testing of control	
7.13	<b>Control Cables</b>	cables;	2
		Bowden cables; aircraft flexible	
		control systems.	
7.14	Material		
,. <sub>1</sub>	handling		
		Marking out and calculation of bend	
	7.14.1 Sheet	allowance;	
	Metal	Sheet metal working, including	2
	Wictai	bending and forming;	
		Inspection of sheet metal work.	
	7.14.2	Bonding practices;	
	Composite and	Environmental conditions;	2
	non-metallic	Inspection methods.	
		(a) Soldering methods; inspection of	2
	Welding,	soldered joints.	
	Brazing,	(b) Welding and brazing methods;	
7.15	Soldering and	Inspection of welded and brazed	
	Bonding	joints;	2
	Bollulig	Bonding methods and inspection of	
		bonded joints.	

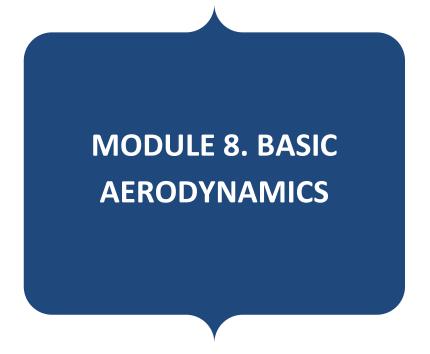


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	Aircraft Weight	(a) Centre of Gravity/Balance limits calculation: use of relevant documents;	2
7.16	and Balance	(b) Preparation of aircraft for	
	allu balalice		2
		weighing;	2
		Aircraft weighing	
		Aircraft taxiing/towing and associated	
		safety precautions;	
		Aircraft jacking, chocking, securing	
		and associated safety precautions;	
	Aircraft	Aircraft storage methods;	
7.17	Handling and	Refueling/defueling procedures;	2
	Storage	De-icing/anti-icing procedures;	
		Electrical, hydraulic and pneumatic	
		ground supplies.	
		Effects of environmental conditions	
		on aircraft handling and operation.	
		(a) Types of defects and visual	
		inspection techniques;	
		Corrosion removal, assessment and	3
		reproduction	
		(b) General repair methods, Structural	
	Disassambly	Repair Manual;	
	Disassembly,	1	2
7.10	Inspection,	Ageing, fatigue and corrosion control	
7.18	Repair and	program	
	Assembly	(c) Non-destructive inspection	
	Techniques	techniques including, penetrate,	2
		radiographic, eddy current, ultrasonic	
		and baroscopic methods;	
		(d) Disassembly and re-assembly	2
		techniques;	_
		(e) Trouble shooting techniques.	2
		(a) Inspections following lightning	2
	Abnormal	strikes and HIRF penetration;	
7.19		(b) Inspections following abnormal	
	Events	events such as heavy landings and	2
		flight through turbulence.	
<u> </u>	ı		



7.20	Maintenance Procedures	Maintenance planning; Modification procedures; Stores procedures; Certification/release procedures; Interface with aircraft operation; Maintenance Inspection/Quality Control/Quality Assurance; Additional maintenance procedures; Control of life limited components.	2
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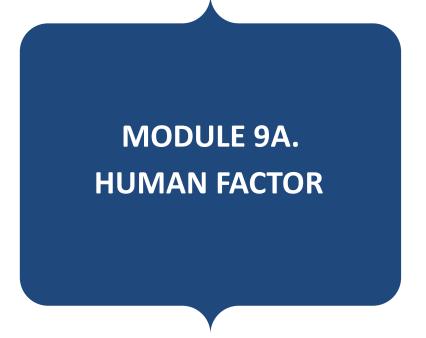
### **BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS**

### **SYLLABUS PLAN**

### **MODULE 8. BASIC AERODYNAMICS**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
8.1	Physics of the Atmosphere	International Standard Atmosphere (ISA), application to aerodynamics	2
8.2	Aerodynamics	Airflow around a body; Boundary layer, laminar and turbulent flow, free stream flow, relative airflow, up wash and downwash, vortices, stagnation; The terms: camber, chord, mean aerodynamic chord, profile (parasite) drag, induced drag, Centre of pressure, angle of attack, wash in and wash out, fineness ratio, wing shape and aspect ratio; Thrust, Weight, Aerodynamic Resultant; Generation of Lift and Drag: Angle of Attack, Lift coefficient, Drag coefficient, polar curve, stall; Aerofoil contamination including ice, snow, frost.	2
8.3	Theory of Flight	Relationship between lift, weight, thrust and drag; Glide ratio; Steady state flights, performance; Theory of the turn; Influence of load factor: stall, flight envelope and structural limitations; Lift augmentation.	2
8.4	Flight Stability and Dynamics	Longitudinal, lateral and directional stability (active and passive).	2







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### **MODULE 9A. HUMAN FACTOR**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
9.1	General	The need to take human factors into account; Incidents attributable to human factors/human error; 'Murphy's' law.	2
9.2	Human Performance and Limitations	Vision; Hearing; Information processing; Attention and perception; Memory; Claustrophobia and physical access.	2
9.3	Social Psychology	Responsibility: individual and group; Motivation and de-motivation; Peer pressure; 'Culture' issues; Team working; Management, supervision and leadership.	1
9.4	Factors Affecting Performance	Fitness/health; Stress: domestic and work related; Time pressure and deadlines; Workload: overload and underload; Sleep and fatigue, shiftwork; Alcohol, medication, drug abuse.	2
9.5	Physical Environment	Noise and fumes; Illumination; Climate and temperature; Motion and vibration; Working environment.	1
9.6	Tasks	Physical work;	1



		Repetitive tasks;	
		Visual inspection;	
		Complex systems.	
		Within and between teams;	
9.7	Communication	Work logging and recording;	2
3.7	Communication	Keeping up to date, currency;	۷
		Dissemination of information.	
		Error models and theories;	
9.8	Human Error	Types of error in maintenance tasks;	2
3.0	Hullian Elloi	Implications of errors (i.e. accidents);	۷
		Avoiding and managing errors.	
9.9	Hazards in the	Recognizing and avoiding hazards;	2
J.J	Workplace	Dealing with emergencies.	۷







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# **MODULE 10. AVIATION LEGISLATION**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
10.1	Regulatory Framework	Role of the International Civil Aviation Organisation; The Aircraft Act and Rules made there under Role of the DGCA; Relationship between CAR-21, CAR-M, CAR-145, CAR-66, CAR-147 The Aircraft Rules (Applicable to Aircraft Maintenance and release) Aeronautical Information and Circulars (Applicable to Aircraft Maintenance and release) CAR Sections 1 and 2	1
10.2	CAR-66 Certifying Staff- Maintenance	Detailed understanding of CAR-66.	2
10.3	CAR-145 Approved Maintenance Organisations	Detailed understanding of CAR-145 and CAR-M Subpart F.	2
10.4	Aircraft operations	Commercial Air Transport/Commercial Operations Air Operators Certificates; Operator's responsibilities, in particular regarding continuing airworthiness and maintenance; Documents to be carried on board; Aircraft placarding (markings).	1
10.5	Aircraft Certification	(a) General Certification Rules: such as FAA & EACS 23/25/27/29; Type Certification; Supplemental Type Certification;	1



CAR-21 Design/Production Organisation Approvals. Aircraft Modifications and Repairs
Aircraft Modifications and Repairs
l ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
Approval and certification
Permit to fly requirements
(b) Documents
Certificate of Airworthiness;
Certificate of Registration; 2
Noise Certificate; Weight Schedule;
Radio Station License and Approval.
Detailed understanding of CAR-M
provisions related to continuing
10.6 CAR-M airworthiness.
Detailed understanding of CAR-M.
(a) Maintenance Programs,
Maintenance checks and inspections,
Master Minimum Equipment Lists,
Minimum Equipment List, Dispatch
Deviation Lists, Airworthiness
Directives, Service Bulletins,
Manufacturers service information,
Modifications and repairs,
Maintenance Documentation:
Applicable maintenance manuals, structural
10.7 National and repair manual, illustrated parts
International catalogue, etc.
Requirements (b) Continuing airworthiness;
Test Flights;
ETOPS/EDTO, maintenance and
dispatch requirements;
RVSM, maintenance and dispatch 1
requirements; RNP, MNPS Operations
All Weather Operations Category 2/2
All Weather Operations, Category 2/3
operations and minimum equipment



		State safety program,	
10.8	Safety	Basic safety Concepts Hazards and	2
	Management	safety Risks, SMS Operations	
	System	SMS Safety Performance	
		Safety Assurance	
10.9		Special Federal Aviation Regulations	2
	Fuel Tank	(SFARs) from 14 CFR SFAR 88 of the	
	Safety	FAA and JAA TGL 47 Airworthiness	
		Limitations Items (ALI)	



MODULE 11A.
TURBINE AEROPLANE
AERODYNAMICS,
STRUCTURES AND
SYSTEMS



### Basic Maintenance Training Organisation Exposition

#### **BHARAT INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICS**

#### **SYLLABUS PLAN**

# MODULE 11A. TURBINE AEROPLANE AERODYNAMICS, STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
11.1	Theory of Flight		
	11.1.1	Operation and effect of:	
	Aero plane	— roll control: ailerons and	
	Aerodynamics and	spoilers,	
	Flight Controls	— pitch control: elevators,	
		stabilities, variable incidence	
		stabilizers and canards,	
		<ul><li>yaw control, rudder limiters;</li></ul>	
		Control using elevons,	
		ruddervators;	
		High lift devices, slots, slats, flaps,	
		flaperons;	
		Drag inducing devices, spoilers, lift	2
		dumpers, speed brakes;	
		Effects of wing fences, saw tooth	
		leading edges;	
		Boundary layer control using,	
		vortex generators, stall wedges or	
		leading edge devices;	
		Operation and effect of trim tabs,	
		balance and anti balance (leading)	
		tabs, servo tabs, spring tabs, mass	
		balance, control surface bias,	
		aerodynamic balance panels.	
	11.1.2	Speed of sound, subsonic flight,	
	High Speed Flight	transonic flight, supersonic flight;	
		Mach number, critical Mach	2
		number, compressibility buffet,	
		shock wave, aerodynamic heating,	
		area rule;	



			1
		Factors affecting airflow in engine	
		intakes of high speed aircraft;	
		Effects of sweepback on critical	
		Mach number.	
11.2	Airframe Structures-	(a) Airworthiness requirements for	
	<b>General Concepts</b>	structural strength;	
		Structural classification, primary,	
		secondary and tertiary;	
		Fail safe, safe life, damage	
		tolerance concepts;	
		Zonal and station identification	
		systems;	2
		Stress, strain, bending,	۷
		compression, shear, torsion,	
		tension, hoop stress, fatigue;	
		Drains and ventilation provisions;	
		System installation provisions;	
		Lightning strike protection	
		provision;	
		Aircraft bonding.	
		(b) Construction methods of:	
		stressed skin fuselage, formers,	
		stringers, longerons, bulkheads,	
		frames,	
		doublers, struts, ties, beams, floor	
		structures, reinforcement, methods	
		of skinning, anti-corrosive	
		protection, wing, empennage and	
		engine attachments;	2
		Structure assembly techniques:	
		riveting, bolting, bonding;	
		Methods of surface protection,	
		such as chromating, anodizing,	
		painting;	
		Surface cleaning;	
		Airframe symmetry: methods of	
		alignment and symmetry checks.	



11.3	Airframe Structures		
	— Aero planes		
	11.3.1 Fuselage	Construction and pressurization	
	(ATA 52/53/56)	sealing; Wing, stabilizer, pylon and	
		undercarriage attachments;	
		Seat installation and cargo loading	
		system;	2
		Doors and emergency exits:	Z
		construction, mechanisms,	
		operation and safety devices;	
		Windows and windscreen	
		construction and mechanisms.	
	11.3.2 Wings (ATA	Construction;	
	57)	Fuel storage;	2
		Landing gear, pylon, control surface	2
		and high lift/drag attachments.	
	11.3.3 Stabilizers	Construction;	2
	(ATA 55)	Control surface attachment.	2
	11.3.4 Flight	Construction and attachment;	
	<b>Control Surfaces</b>	Balancing — mass and	2
	(ATA 55/57)	aerodynamic.	
	11.3.5	Nacelles/Pylons:	
	Nacelles/Pylons	— Construction,	2
	(ATA 54)	— Firewalls,	_
		— Engine mounts.	
11.4	Air Conditioning		
	and Cabin		
	Pressurization		
	(ATA 21)		
	11.4.1 Air supply	Sources of air supply including	2
		engine bleed, APU and ground cart.	
	11.4.2 Air	Air conditioning systems;	
	Conditioning	Air cycle and vapour cycle	
		machines;	3
		Distribution systems;	_
		Flow, temperature and humidity	
		control system.	



	11.4.2	Dunana wina tina a wata wa s	
	11.4.3	Pressurization systems;	
	Pressurization	Control and indication including	3
		control and safety valves;	
ļ		Cabin pressure controllers.	
	11.4.4	Protection and warning devices.	
	Safety and warning		3
	devices		
	11.5		
	Instruments/Avionic		
	Systems		
	11.5.1	Pitot static: altimeter, air speed	
	Instrument Systems	indicator, vertical speed indicator;	
	(ATA 31)	Gyroscopic: artificial horizon,	
		attitude director, direction	
		indicator, horizontal situation	
		indicator, turn	
		and slip indicator, turn coordinator;	2
		Compasses: direct reading, remote	
		reading;	
		Angle of attack indication, stall	
		warning systems;	
		Glass cockpit;	
		Other aircraft system indication.	
	11.5.2 Avionic	Fundamentals of system lay-outs	
	Systems	and operation of:	
	,	— Auto Flight (ATA 22),	1
		— Communications (ATA 23),	
		— Navigation Systems (ATA 34).	
11.6	<b>Electrical Power</b>	Batteries Installation and	
	(ATA 24)	Operation;	
		DC power generation;	
		AC power generation;	
		Emergency power generation;	3
		Voltage regulation;	
		Power distribution;	
		Inverters, transformers, rectifiers;	
		Circuit protection;	
<u> </u>			



		External/Ground power.	
11.7	<b>Equipment and</b>	(a) Emergency equipment	
	Furnishings	requirements;	2
	(ATA 25)	Seats, harnesses and belts.	
		(b) Cabin lay-out;	
		Equipment lay-out;	
		Cabin Furnishing installation;	
		Cabin entertainment equipment;	1
		Galley installation;	1
		Cargo handling and retention	
		equipment;	
		Air stairs.	
11.8	Fire Protection	(a) Fire and smoke detection and	
	(ATA 26)	warning systems;	3
		Fire extinguishing systems;	3
		System tests;	
		(b) Portable fire extinguisher.	1
11.9	Flight Controls	Primary controls: aileron, elevator,	
	(ATA 27)	rudder, spoiler;	
		Trim control;	
		Active load control;	
		High lift devices;	
		Lift dump, speed brakes;	
		System operation: manual,	3
		hydraulic, pneumatic, electrical, fly-	J
		by-wire;	
		Artificial feel, Yaw damper, Mach	
		trim, rudder limiter, gust lock	
		systems;	
		Balancing and rigging;	
		Stall protection/warning system.	
11.10	Fuel Systems	System lay-out;	
	(ATA 28)	Fuel tanks;	
		Supply systems;	3
		Dumping, venting and draining;	-
		Cross-feed and transfer;	
		Indications and warnings;	



	1	1	1
		Refueling and defueling;	
		Longitudinal balance fuel systems.	
11.11	Hydraulic Power	System lay-out;	
	(ATA 29)	Hydraulic fluids;	
		Hydraulic reservoirs and	
		accumulators;	
		Pressure generation: electric,	
		mechanical, pneumatic;	3
		Emergency pressure generation;	3
		Filters;	
		Pressure Control;	
		Power distribution;	
		Indication and warning systems;	
		Interface with other systems.	
11.12	Ice and Rain	Ice formation, classification and	
	Protection (ATA 30)	detection;	
		Anti-icing systems: electrical, hot	
		air and chemical;	
		De-icing systems: electrical, hot air,	
		pneumatic and chemical;	
		Rain repellent;	
		Probe and drain heating;	
		Wiper systems. Ice formation,	3
		classification and detection;	
		Anti-icing systems: electrical, hot	
		air and chemical;	
		De-icing systems: electrical, hot air,	
		pneumatic and chemical;	
		Rain repellent;	
		Probe and drain heating;	
		Wiper systems.	
11.13	Landing Gear	Construction, shock absorbing;	
	(ATA 32)	Extension and retraction systems:	
		normal and emergency;	
		Indications and warning;	3
		Wheels, brakes, antiskid and auto	
		braking;	
		Tyres;	



	1		1
		Steering;	
		Air-ground sensing.	
11.14	Lights (ATA 33)	External: navigation, anti collision,	
		landing, taxiing, ice;	3
		Internal: cabin, cockpit, cargo;	3
		Emergency.	
11.15	Oxygen (ATA 35)	System lay-out: cockpit, cabin;	
		Sources, storage, charging and	
		distribution;	3
		Supply regulation;	
		Indications and warnings.	
11.16	Pneumatic/Vacuum	System lay-out;	
	(ATA 36)	Sources: engine/APU, compressors,	
		reservoirs, ground supply;	
		Pressure control;	3
		Distribution;	
		Indications and warnings;	
		Interfaces with other systems.	
11.17	Water/Waste	Water system lay-out, supply,	
	(ATA 38)	distribution, servicing and draining;	
		Toilet system lay-out, flushing and	3
		servicing;	
		Corrosion aspects.	
11.18	On Board	Central maintenance computers;	
	Maintenance	Data loading system; Electronic	
	Systems (ATA 45)	library system; Printing; Structure	2
		monitoring (damage tolerance	
		monitoring).	
11.19	Integrated Modular	Functions that may be typically	
	Avionics (ATA42)	integrated in the Integrated	
		Modular Avionic (IMA) modules	
		are,	
		among others:	2
		Bleed Management, Air Pressure	
		Control, Air Ventilation and	
		Control, Avionics and Cockpit	
		Ventilation	



		Control, Temperature Control, Air Traffic Communication, Avionics Communication Router, Electrical Load Management, Circuit Breaker Monitoring, Electrical System BITE, Fuel Management, Braking Control, Steering Control, Landing Gear Extension and Retraction, Tyre Pressure Indication, Oleo Pressure Indication, Brake Temperature Monitoring, etc. Core System; Network Components.	
11.20	Cabin Systems (ATA44)	The units and components which furnish a means of entertaining the passengers and providing communication within the aircraft (Cabin Intercommunication Data System) and between the aircraft cabin and ground stations (Cabin Network Service). Includes voice, data, music and video transmissions.  The Cabin Intercommunication Data System provides an interface between cockpit/cabin crew and cabin systems. These systems support data exchange of the different related LRU's and they are typically operated via Flight Attendant Panels.	2
11.21	Information Systems (ATA46)	The units and components which furnish a means of storing, updating and retrieving digital information traditionally provided on paper, microfilm or microfiche. Includes units that are dedicated to	2



the information storage and	
retrieval function such as the	
electronic library mass storage and	
controller.	
Does not include units or	
components installed for other	
uses and shared with other	
systems, such as flight deck printer	
or general use display.	
Typical examples include Air Traffic	
and Information Management	
Systems and Network Server	
Systems	
Aircraft General Information	
System;	
Flight Deck Information System;	
Maintenance Information System;	
Passenger Cabin Information	
System;	
Miscellaneous Information System.	







#### Basic Maintenance Training Organisation Exposition

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### **SYLLABUS PLAN**

### **MODULE 15. GAS TURBINE ENGINE**

S. No.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
15.1	Fundamentals	Potential energy, kinetic energy, Newton's laws of motion, Brayton cycle; The relationship between force, work, power, energy, velocity, acceleration; Constructional arrangement and operation of turbojet, turbofan, turbo shaft, turboprop.	2
15.2	Engine Performance	Gross thrust, net thrust, choked nozzle thrust, thrust distribution, resultant thrust, thrust horsepower, equivalent shaft horsepower, specific fuel consumption; Engine efficiencies; By-pass ratio and engine pressure ratio; Pressure, temperature and velocity of the gas flow; Engine ratings, static thrust, influence of speed, altitude and hot climate, flat rating, limitations.	2
15.3	Inlet	Compressor inlet ducts Effects of various inlet configurations; Ice protection.	2
15.4	Compressors	Axial and centrifugal types; Constructional features and operating principles and applications; Fan balancing; Operation: Causes and effects of compressor stall and surge; Methods of air flow control: bleed valves, variable inlet guide vanes, variable stator vanes, rotating	



		stator blados. Compressor ratio	
		stator blades; Compressor ratio.	
15.5	Combustion	Constructional features and principles	2
	Section	of operation.	
15.6	Turbine	Operation and characteristics of	2
	Section	different turbine blade types;	
		Blade to disk attachment;	
		Nozzle guide vanes;	
		Causes and effects of turbine blade	
		stress and creep.	
15.7	Exhaust	Constructional features and principles	2
		of operation; Convergent, divergent	
		and variable area nozzles; Engine noise	
		reduction; Thrust reversers.	
15.8	Bearings and	Constructional features and principles	2
	Seals	of operation.	
15.9	Lubricants	Properties and specifications;	2
	and Fuels	Fuel additives; Safety precautions.	
15.10	Lubrication	System operation/lay-out and	2
	Systems	components.	
15.11	<b>Fuel Systems</b>	Operation of engine control and fuel	2
		metering systems including electronic	
		engine control (FADEC);	
		Systems lay-out and components.	
15.12	Air Systems	Operation of engine air distribution	2
		and anti-ice control systems, including	
		internal cooling, sealing and external	
		air services.	
15.13	Starting and	Operation of engine start systems and	2
	Ignition	components; Ignition systems and	
	Systems	components; Maintenance safety	
		requirements.	
15.14	Engine	Exhaust Gas Temperature/Inter stage	2
	Indication	Turbine Temperature;	
	Systems	Engine Thrust Indication: Engine	
		Pressure Ratio, engine turbine	
		discharge pressure or jet pipe pressure	
		systems;	
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		Oil pressure and temperature;	
		Fuel pressure and flow;	
		Engine speed;	
		Vibration measurement and indication;	
		Torque;	
		Power.	
15.15	Power	Operation and applications;	1
	Augmentation	Water injection, water methanol;	
	Systems	Afterburner systems.	
15.16	Turbo-prop	Gas coupled/free turbine and gear	2
	Engines	coupled turbines;	
		Reduction gears;	
		Integrated engine and propeller	
		controls;	
		Over speed safety devices.	
15.17	Turbo-shaft	Arrangements drive systems, reduction	2
	Engines	gearing, couplings, control systems.	
15.18	Auxiliary	Purpose, operation, protective	2
	<b>Power Units</b>	systems.	
	(APUs)		
15.19	Power plant	Configuration of firewalls, cowlings,	2
	Installation	acoustic panels, engine mounts, anti-	
		vibration mounts, hoses,	
		pipes, feeders, connectors, wiring	
		looms, control cables and rods, lifting	
		points and drains.	
15.20	Fire	Operation of detection and	2
	Protection	extinguishing systems.	
	Systems		
15.21	Engine	Procedures for starting and ground	3
	Monitoring	run-up;	
	and Ground	Interpretation of engine power output	
	Operation	and parameters;	
		Trend (including oil analysis, vibration	
		and baroscopic) monitoring;	



		Inspection of engine and components	
		to criteria, tolerances and data	
		specified by engine manufacturer;	
		Compressor washing/cleaning;	
		Foreign Object Damage.	
15.22	Engine	Preservation and de-preservation for	2
	Storage and	the engine and accessories/systems	
	Preservation		







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### **MODULE 17A. PROPELLER**

S.	Main Topic	Sub-Topic	LEVEL
No.			
17.1	Fundamentals	Blade element theory; High/low blade angle, reverse	
		angle,	
		angle of attack, rotational speed;	
		Propeller slip;	2
		Aerodynamic, centrifugal,	
		and thrust forces; Torque; Relative airflow on blade	
		angle of attack; Vibration and resonance.	
17.2	Propeller	Construction methods and materials used in wooden,	
	Construction	composite and metal propellers; Blade station, blade	
		face,	
		blade shank,	2
		blade back and hub assembly; Fixed pitch, controllable	
		pitch, constant speeding propeller;	
		Propeller/spinner installation.	
17.3	Propeller	Speed control and pitch change methods, mechanical	
	Pitch Control	and electrical/electronic;	2
		Feathering and reverse pitch; Over speed protection.	
17.4	Propeller	Synchronizing and synchrophasing equipment.	2
	Synchronizing		2
17.5	Propeller Ice	Fluid and electrical de-icing equipment.	2
	Protection		2
17.6	Propeller	Static and dynamic balancing;	
	Maintenance	Blade tracking; Assessment of blade damage, erosion,	3
		corrosion, impact damage, delimitation; Propeller	3
		treatment/repair schemes; Propeller engine running.	
17.7	Propeller	Propeller preservation and de-preservation.	
	Storage and		2
	Preservation		